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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/077,907	02/20/2002	Tomohiro Chiba	018842.1204	2651
24735	7590 03/23/2004		EXAMINER	
BAKER BOTTS LLP C/O INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT			LEO, LEONARD R	
	ER, SUITE 1300	DEFARTMENT	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1299 PENNSYLVANIA AVE, NW			3753	· · · · -
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20004-2400		DATE MAILED: 03/23/2004	19

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summers	10/077,907	CHIBA, TOMOHIRO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAN INC DATE of this communication and	Leonard R. Leo	3753
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperent of the Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orresponaence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 Ja</u> 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under <i>E</i> .	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) □ Claim(s) 1,2,4 and 5 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1,2,4 and 5 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	n from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction and the original transfer of the correction of the original transfer or the ori	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of 	have been received. have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

The amendment filed on January 5, 2004 has been entered. Claims 1-2 and 4-5 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ohara et al (Figures 3-6 and 8). The parallel sections between outer fins 3 in Figure 1 are read as a "plurality of heat transfer tubes." Regarding claim 2, the recitation of "formed by deforming" is considered to be a method limitation in an apparatus claim, which bears no patentable weight in this instance. See MPEP 2113.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2 and 4-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohara et al in view of Donaldson, Kato or Watanabe et al.

Ohara et al discloses all the claimed limitations except a flange portion folded along a central axis.

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Donaldson discloses a heat exchanger comprising a plurality of stacked tubes 12 and fins f (Figure 1), the tube formed by a folded tube plate (14, 16) along flange portion (18, 19, 23) (Figure 2) for the purpose of ease of manufacture.

Kato discloses a heat exchanger comprising a plurality of tubes 2 and fins 3 (Figure 1), the tube formed by a folded tube plate 14 along flange portion 20 (Figure 6) for the purpose of ease of manufacture.

Watanabe et al discloses a heat exchanger comprising a plurality of tubes 11 and fins 14 (Figure 1), the tube formed by a folded tube plate 20 along flange portion 32 for the purpose of ease of manufacture.

Since Ohara et al and Donaldson, Kato or Watanabe et al are both from the same field of endeavor and/or analogous art, the purpose disclosed by Donaldson, Kato or Watanabe et al would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Ohara et al.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to employ in Ohara et al a folded flange portion for the purpose of ease of manufacture as recognized by Donaldson, Kato or Watanabe et al.

Regarding claims 2 and 5, the recitation of "formed by deforming" is considered to be a method limitation in an apparatus claim, which bears no patentable weight in this instance. See MPEP 2113.

Response to Arguments

The drawings objection under 37 CFR 1.83(a) is withdrawn, since Figures 10-12 depict the claimed subject matter.

The objection to claim 2 is withdrawn.

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Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. However, applicant's remarks with respect to the specification are not commensurate in scope with the claims. The projection portions 50 are located on the inside of the tube and do not affect communication with the drain path 56 located external to the tube. Applicant is relying upon a structure (i.e. recess portion 54 or guide 55) that is neither claimed nor inherent with the corresponding projection portion 50. Furthermore, the claims broadly recite a "heat exchanger" to be employed in no specific environment. Therefore, drainage may or may not be present in a desired working environment. The Examiner believes the instant invention can be claimed to structurally define over Ohara et al.

The Examiner agrees Ohara et al discloses a crisscross pattern 12 on the inner surface of tube half 7 in Figure 8. However, each projection portion extending in the oblique direction in Figure 8 of Ohara et al is read as being discontinuous. The claim does not recite with specificity a *discontinuous* projection extending across the entire width direction at an oblique direction. Upon further review, in-house USPTO staff has unofficially verbally translated page 6 of Ohara et al. With respect to Figures 7a-9, the Examiner has learned that the internal surface of the tube halves 7 is roughened to enhance heat transfer in the various manners depicted. While the claim is still believed met by Figure 8 of Ohara et al, prior art to disclose discontinuous projections extending across the entire width direction at an oblique direction is readily available.

With respect to the obviousness rejection, applicant does not argue that the secondary references teach forming a tube by folding a single sheet in half for the purpose of ease of manufacture is well known. Instead, applicant believes the secondary references do not teach or

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disclose what the primary reference of Ohara et al is relied to disclose, namely the oblique

projection portion.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

Any inquiry of a general nature, relating to the status of this application or clerical nature

(i.e. missing or incomplete references, missing or incomplete Office actions or forms) should be

directed to the Technology Center 3700 Customer Service whose telephone number is (703) 306-

5648. Status of the application may also be obtained from the Internet: http://pair.uspto.gov/cgi-

bin/final/home.pl

Any inquiry concerning this Office action should be directed to Leonard R. Leo whose

telephone number is (703) 308-2611.

LEONARD R. LEO

PRIMARY EXAMINER

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March 18, 2004

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